

# O imagine de ansamblu pentru normalizarea datelor

Adriana FILIP - Solutions Consultant <a href="mailto:adriana.filip@clarivate.com">adriana.filip@clarivate.com</a>

Noiembrie 2020

# At the heart of our solutions: the Web of Science Core Collection

- Science Citation Index Expanded
- Social Sciences Citation Index
- Arts & Humanities Citation Index
- Emerging Sources Citation Index
- Conference Proceedings Citation Index
- Book Citation Index



21,000+ journals indexed cover-to-cover



- International
- Influential



Powerful citation network with complete cited reference search, cited reference linking and navigation



Unbiased journal selection and curation



Source data for Journal Impact Factor

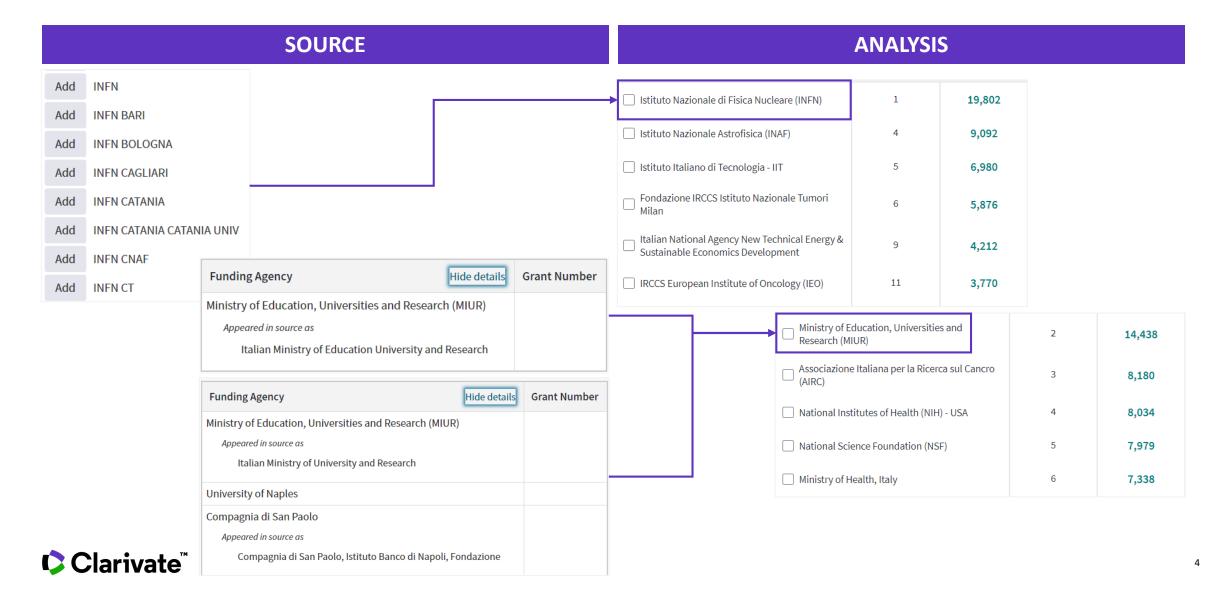


# Data can be analyzed through different angles

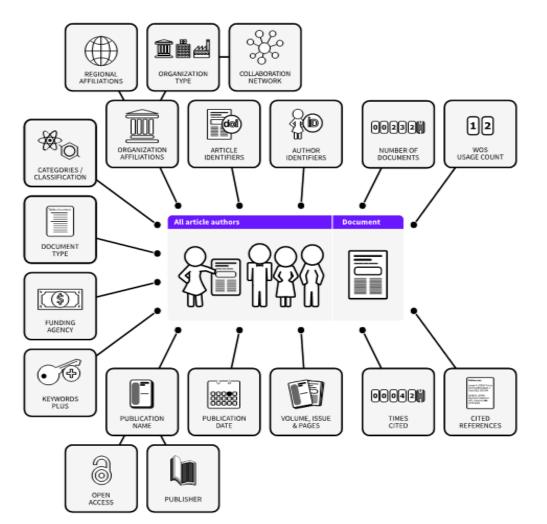
Analysis Indexing Selection **Journals** Books Conference **Proceedings** 



# **Continuous disambiguation effort**



# From Web of Science Core Collection to InCites



65M publications (1980-2020)



Monthly metrics calculations



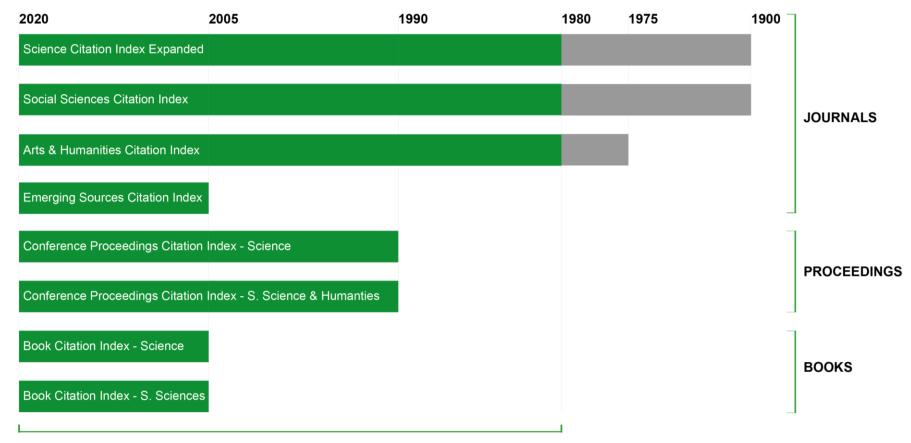
#### Import of custom group of publications

- Export a thematic search from Web of Science
- Import a list of publications for a research team (from WoS or Excel)



# From Web of Science Core Collection to InCites

#### WEB OF SCIENCE CORE COLLECTION



Web of Science Core Collection content analysed in Incites (data and metrics updated every month)



# Why use InCites Benchmarking & Analytics?



Analyze the global research panorama



Compare global peers and exploring the reasons of their performance



**Evaluate** existing collaborations and prospecting possible future ones



**Identify** experts globally



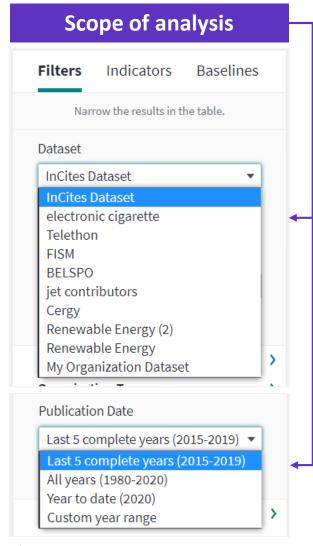
Follow emerging topics and trends in the scientific community

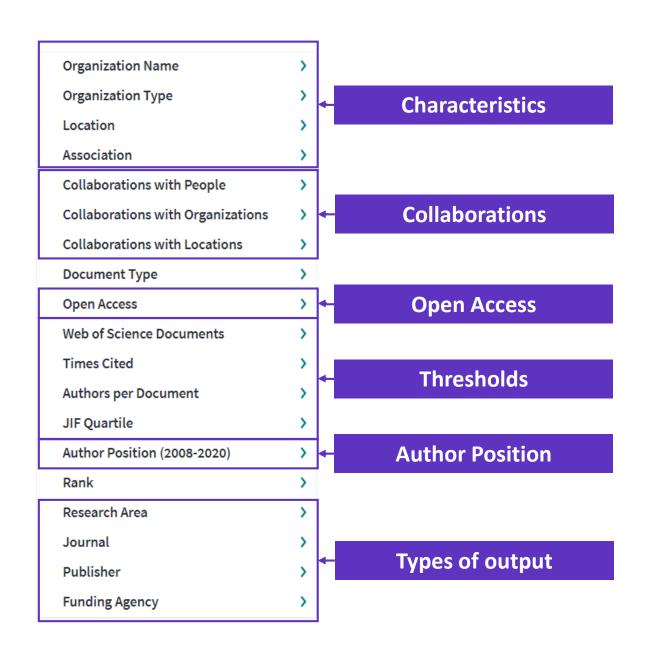


Easily adapt reports to meet each individual need



# **Filters**







# **Indicators**

#### **Productivity** Web of Science Documents • > % Documents in Top 1% % Documents in Top 10% % Highly Cited Papers **Highly Cited Papers** % Hot Papers Documents in JIF Journals Documents in Q1 Journals Documents in Q2 Journals Documents in Q3 Journals Documents in Q4 Journals % Documents in Q1 Journals % Documents in Q2 Journals % Documents in Q3 Journals % Documents in Q4 Journals Documents in Top 1% Documents in Top 10% **Hot Papers**

Impact	
Times Cited •	>
% Documents Cited	>
Category Normalized Citation Im	>
Citation Impact	>
Average Percentile	>
Journal Normalized Citation Impact	>
Impact Relative to World	>
H-Index	>
Documents Cited	>
1 Year Citing All Prior Years Cumulat	>

# **Open Access** All Open Access Documents **DOAJ Gold Documents** Other Gold Documents **Green Accepted Documents Green Published Documents Bronze Documents** % All Open Access Documents % DOAJ Gold Documents % Other Gold Documents % Green Accepted Documents % Green Published Documents % Bronze Documents

# Collaboration International Collaborations % International Collaborations % Industry Collaborations Industry Collaborations Author Position % First Author (2008-2020) % Last Author (2008-2020) % Corresponding Author (2008-2020)

First Author (2008-2020)

Last Author (2008-2020)

Corresponding Author (2008-2020)

# Data normalization



# Effects of microplastics on trophic parameters, abundance and metabolic activities of seawater and fish gut bacteria in mesocosm conditions

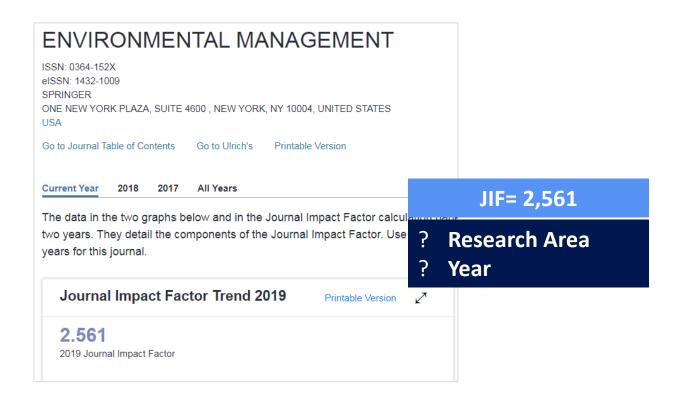
By: Caruso, G (Caruso, Gabriella)<sup>[1]</sup>; Peda, C (Peda, Cristina)<sup>[2]</sup>; Cappello, S (Cappello, Simone)<sup>[1]</sup>; Leonardi, M (Leonardi, Marcella)<sup>[1]</sup>; La Ferla, R (La Ferla, Rosabruna)<sup>[1]</sup>; Lo Giudice, A (Lo Giudice, Angelina)<sup>[1,3]</sup>; Maricchiolo, G (Maricchiolo, Giulia)<sup>[1]</sup>; Rizzo, C (Rizzo, Carmen)<sup>[3]</sup>; Maimone, G (Maimone, Giovanna)<sup>[1]</sup>; Rappazzo, AC (Rappazzo, Alessandro Ciro)<sup>[1]</sup>; Genovese, L (Genovese, Lucrezia)<sup>[1]</sup>; Romeo, T (Romeo, Teresa)<sup>[2]</sup>...Less View Web of Science Researcher D and ORCID

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND POLLUTION RESEARCH**

Volume: 25 Issue: 30 Pages: 30067-30083 Special Issue: SI



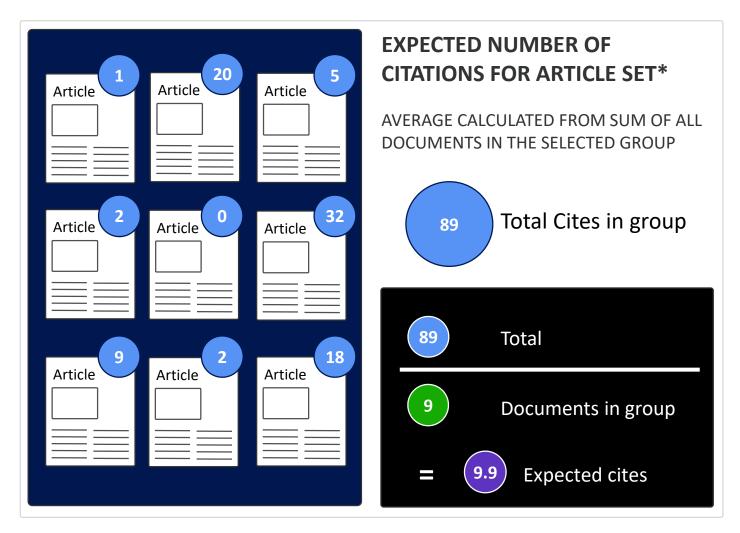
# Citation Network H-index 23 Sum of Times Cited 1,654 Citing Articles 1,189 H-index = 23 Prindex = 23 Research Area Prindex = 23

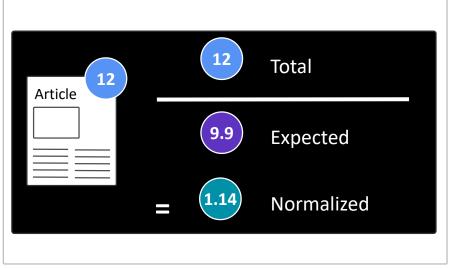




# What are bibliometric indicators?



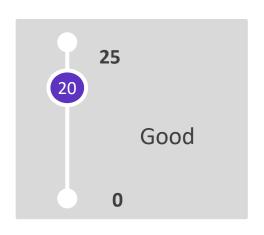


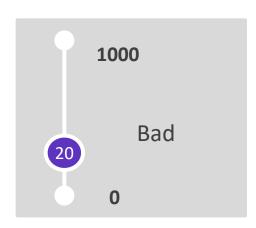




# **Normalization**







#### **CONTEXT IS EVERYTHING**

INDICTORS MUST BE PUT INTO CONTEXT TO BE USEFUL: CATEGORY, JOURNAL, PEERS, GLOBAL

- NORMALIZED INDICATORS for relative performance comparisons
- PERCENTILES where does it fall in the range of values?
- BENCHMARKS how does it compare with a group or globally?



# Responsible use of Bibliometric Indicators

Basket of Indicators → no magic recipe fits all



# PRODUCTIVITY AND IMPACT

**Web of Science Documents** 

**Times Cited** 

**Citation Impact** 

% of documents cited

H Index

#### **NORMALIZATION**

Category Normalized Citation Impact

**Category Expected Citations** 

Journal Normalized Citation Impact

**Journal Expected Citations** 

#### **TOP PERFORMANCE**

% Documents in Top 1%

% Documents in Top 10%

Average percentile

**Highly Cited Papers** 

**Hot Papers** 

# SCIENTIFIC COLLABORATIONS

% Industry Collaborations

% International Collaborations

Collaborations with Organizations

**Collaborations with Countries** 

# JOURNAL RANKING INDICATORS

Journal Impact Factor

Impact Factor w/o Self Cites

**5 year Impact Factor** 

**Immediacy Index** 

Eigenfactor

**Collaborations with Authors** 



# **Normalization**

Business Biology

Law Oncology

Respiratory System

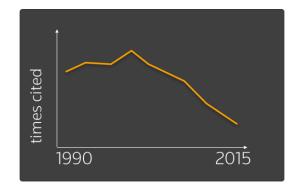
Agronomy

Substance Abuse

#### **CATEGORY**

citation patterns differ by subject category

e.g. nanotechnology vs law



#### TIME

citations accumulate over time and at different rates depending on article age and category

e.g. new articles may accumulate citations quickly, older ones more slowly or not at all



#### DOCUMENT TYPE

citations differ by document type within a journal

e.g. reviews are generally more heavily cited than articles, and editorials, book reviews etc. may go uncited

NORMALIZATION PUTS DATA INTO CONTEXT
IS AN ENTITY DOING BETTER OR WORSE THAN WOULD BE EXPECTED IN A CATEGORY?



# **Normalization at Paper Level**

Category



How many citations should I expect from my papers? How do my papers perform in my field? How do other researchers perform in my field? Average of citations received by an *Article* published in *2018* in the *Physics, Particles* & *Fields* category.

Indicator of performance in the *Physics, Particles & Fields* category for this *Article* published in 2018: If>1, performs higher than average If<1, performs lower than average.

Article Title	Authors	Source	Research Area	Document Type	Volu	ume	Issue	Pages	Publication Date <sub>▼</sub>	Times Cited	Journal Expected Citations	Category Expected Citations	Journal Normalized Citation Impact	Category Normalized Citation Impact
pi(0) and eta meson production in proton-proton	Acharya, S.; Adam, J.; Adamova, D.;	EUROPEAN PHYSICAL JOURNAL C	PHYSICS, PARTICLES & FIELDS	Article	7	8	3	n/a	2018	10	4.42	4.1	2.26	2.44

Times Cited/Category Expected Citations = 10/4.1 = 2.44



collisions at root s=8 Adolfsson, J.;

Aggarwal, M.

# **Normalization at Paper Level**

**Journal** 



How do my papers perform in the journals I publish? How is my research perceived by the journals I publish in? Is there a journal article level metric to help me go beyond the Journal Impact Factor? Average of citations received by an Article published in 2018 in the European Physical Journal C journal.

Indicator of performance of this Article in the *European Physical Journal C* journal: If>1, performs higher than average If<1, performs lower than average.



Times Cited/Journal Expected Citations = 10/4.42 = 2.26



collisions at root s=8

TeV

Adolfsson, J.;

Aggarwal, M.

# **Normalization at Paper Level**

Percentiles: Documents in Top 1% & 10%



Knowing I am better than average is not enough. Where do my research papers stand in competition to other papers?

Do I have highly cited papers amongst my publications?

- Percentile is a value above which a certain proportion of the observations fall.
- Percentiles allow the classification of publications into meaningful citation impact classes.
- The smaller the percentile number, the higher the number of citations (in a scale of 0-100).

Article Title	Authors	Source	Research	Document	Volume	Issue	Pages	Publication	Times	Journal	Category _	lavimal	Catanami
			Area	Туре				Date <sub>▼</sub>	Cited	Expected Citations	Expected Citations	Percentile in Subject	Journal Impact
pi(0) and eta meson production in	Acharya, S.; Adam, J.;	EUROPEAN PHYSICAL	PHYSICS, PARTICLES &	Article	78	3	n/a	2018	10	4.42	4.1	Area	Factor
proton-proton collisions at root s=8 TeV	Adamova, D.; Adolfsson, J.; Aggarwal, M. M.	JOURNAL C	FIELDS									11.38	4.84



# Data normalization in practice research evaluation

# What can I answer using bibliometrics?

# Attract highly respected scholars

- Who are the most impactful researchers?
- Who are the rising stars?
- Who are the established researchers?

# Increase visibility and reputation

- Which journals make you more visible?
- Which papers from your institution are part of research fronts?
- Is publishing in Open Access being of value for you? Can you optimise it?
- What is the impact of international collaborations in your research area?
- Who is publishing the trends in your research area?

# Obtain funding in a ever more competitive landscape

- Analysing funding agencies
- What is the contribution of main funders in percentage of publications in your region?
- What is the contribution of main funders in percentage of publications of your institution?







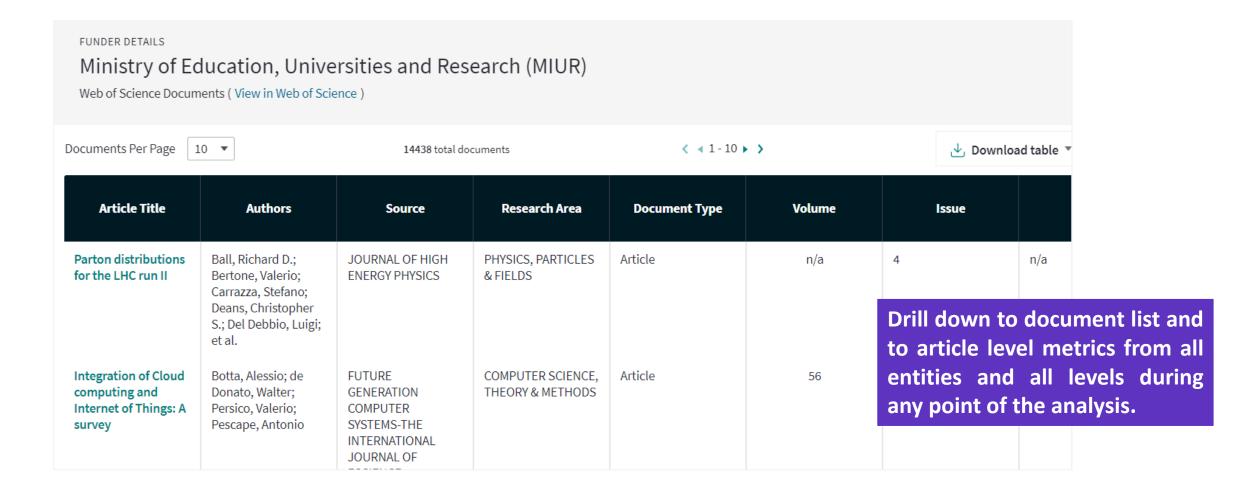


# **Research Evaluation**

Person Name		Rank	Affiliation	% Documents Cited	Web of Science Documents	Times Cited	÷			Funding	; Agency		Rank	Web of Science †··· Documents	Times Cited ···	% Documents ··· Cited	Category Normalize Citation Impact
Razzano, M.		1	Istituto Nazionale di	95.45%	154	25,740	)			Europea	n Union (EU)		1	14,595	257,420	88.76%	1.96
			Fisica Nucleare (INFN)							Ministry Research	of Education, University	ersities and	2	14,438	197,968	91.07%	1.33
Logroscino, Giancarlo		2	Universita degli Studi di Bari Aldo Moro	87.28%	173	25,461	L	Web of		Associaz (AIRC)	rione Italiana per la	Ricerca sul Cancro	3	8,180	161,496	93.73%	1.61
Remuzzi, Giuseppe		3	IRCCS Mario	Organization Na	me		Rank	Web of Science ··· Documents	Tim Cite	Nationa	l Institutes of Healt	ı (NIH) - USA	4	8,034	223,910	93.98%	2.93
□ Airli: C		4	Negri University of	Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche (CNR)		2)	1	54,739	5(	☐ National Science Foundation (NSF)		5	7,979	197,525	92.12%	2.55	
Aielli, G.	4 University of Rome Tor Vergata		Rome Tor	Sapienza University Rome			2	45,040	41	☐ Ministry of Health, Italy			6	7,338	108,606	89.28%	1.5
Monasta, Lorenzo		5	IRCCS Burlo	University of Padu	ua		3	37,707	4:		n Research Counci		7	7,109	179,886	93.08%	2.57
☐ Di Fiore, L.		6	Garofolo Istituto	University of Bolo	ogna		4	35,530	3:		Research Foundati		8	6,282	145,540	93.54%	2.37
_ britoic, c.		Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare		University of Milan			5	35,520	3.	3: National Natural Science Foundation of China (NSFC)			9	6,009	129,223	90.06%	2.52
Garufi, F.		7	(INFN) Istituto	University of Nap	les Federico II		6	30,604	3: [	United S	states Department o	of Energy (DOE)	10	3,902	120,406	92.62%	2.79
Galuii, F.		,	Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare	University of Turin			7	25,478	2 [	2 Swiss National Science Foundation		11	3,682	104,543	93.05%	2.99	
				Istituto Nazionale	e di Fisica Nucleare (INF	=N)	8	19,802	259,	,364	78.01%	1.54					
				University of Pisa			9	23,142	256,	,715	72.58%	1.56					
				University of Flore	ence		10	26,629	251,	,056	69.85%	1.48					
				University of Gene	oa		11	21,070	225,	,079	69.04%	1.51					
				University of Rom	ne Tor Vergata		12	18,633	221,	,395	72.95%	1.48					

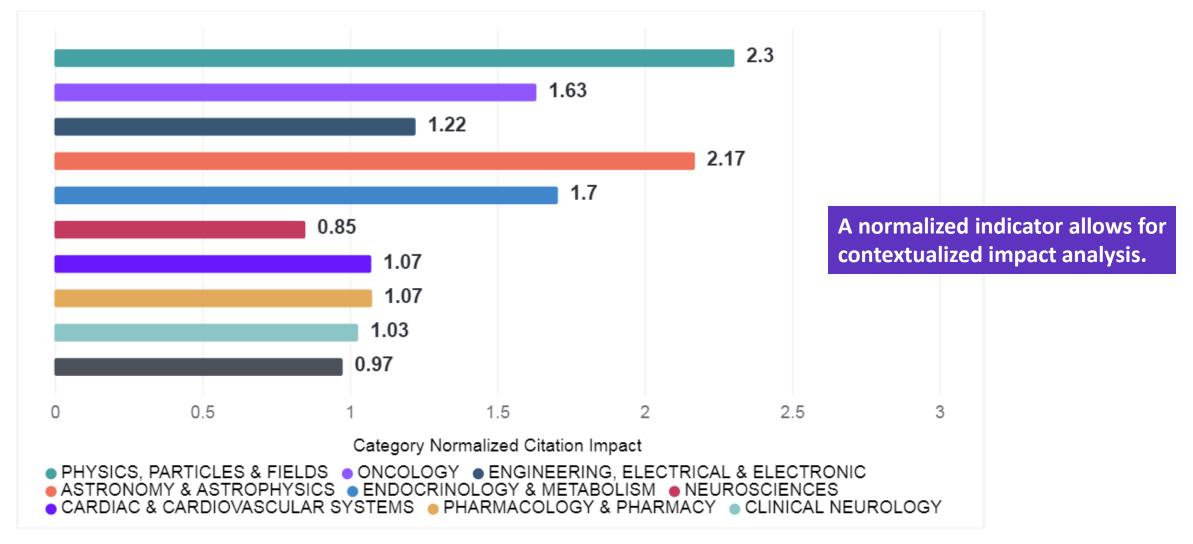


# **Evaluate each paper**



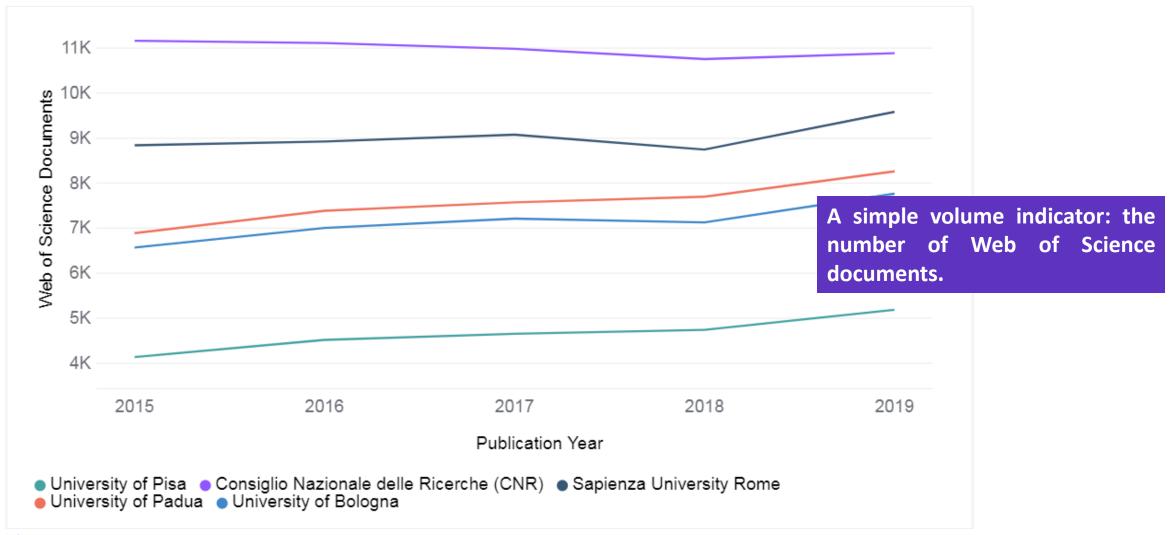


# Strengths and weaknesses



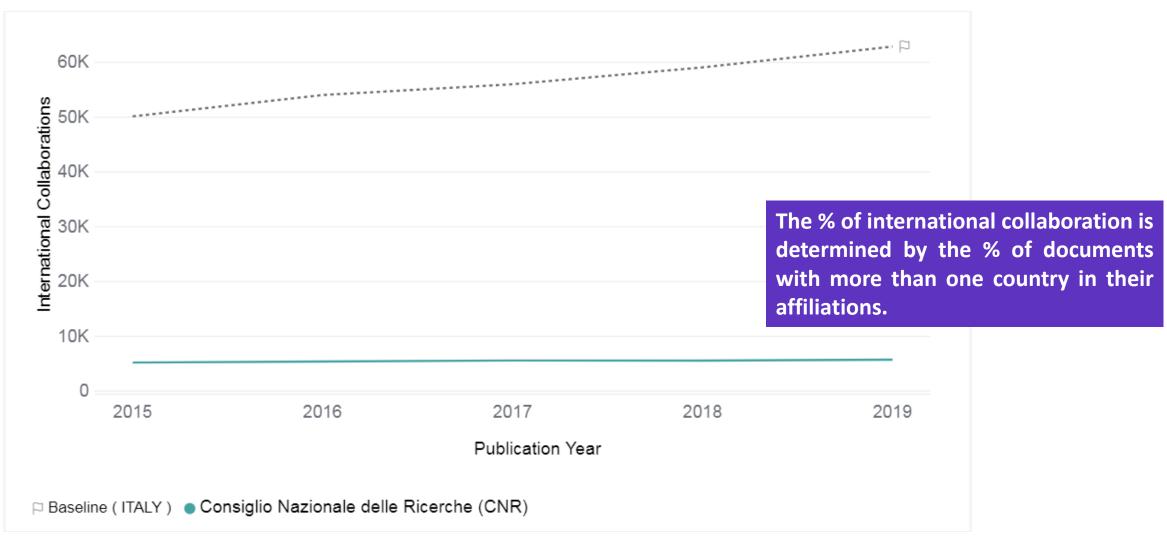


# **Publication production**



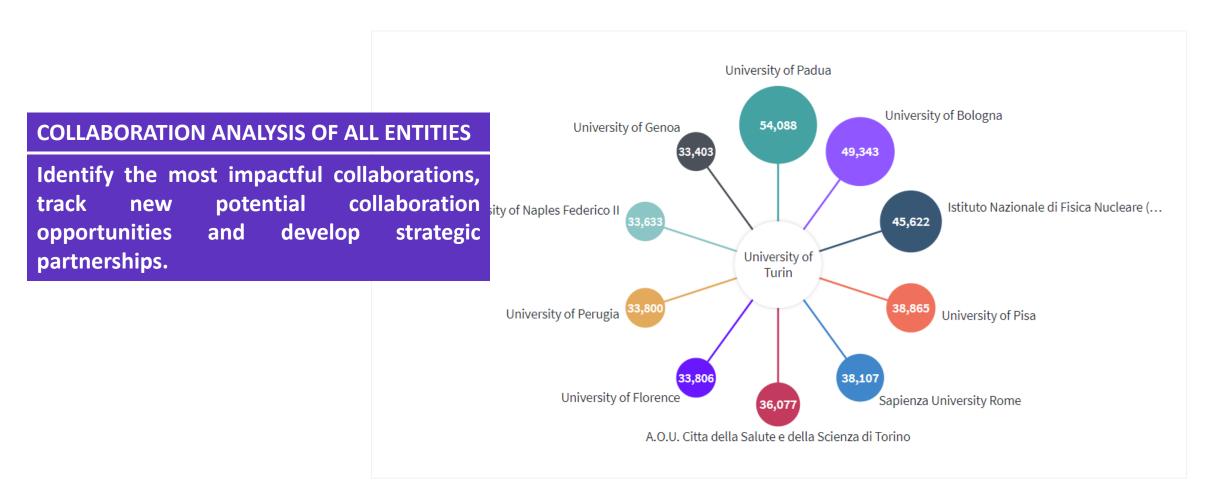


# International collaborations



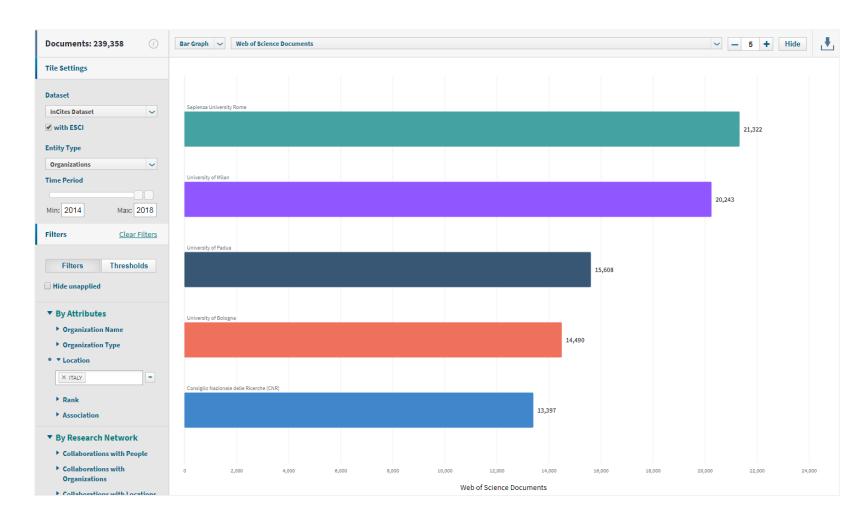


# **Analyse collaborations**





# Benchmark with other organizations



**Compare performance** 

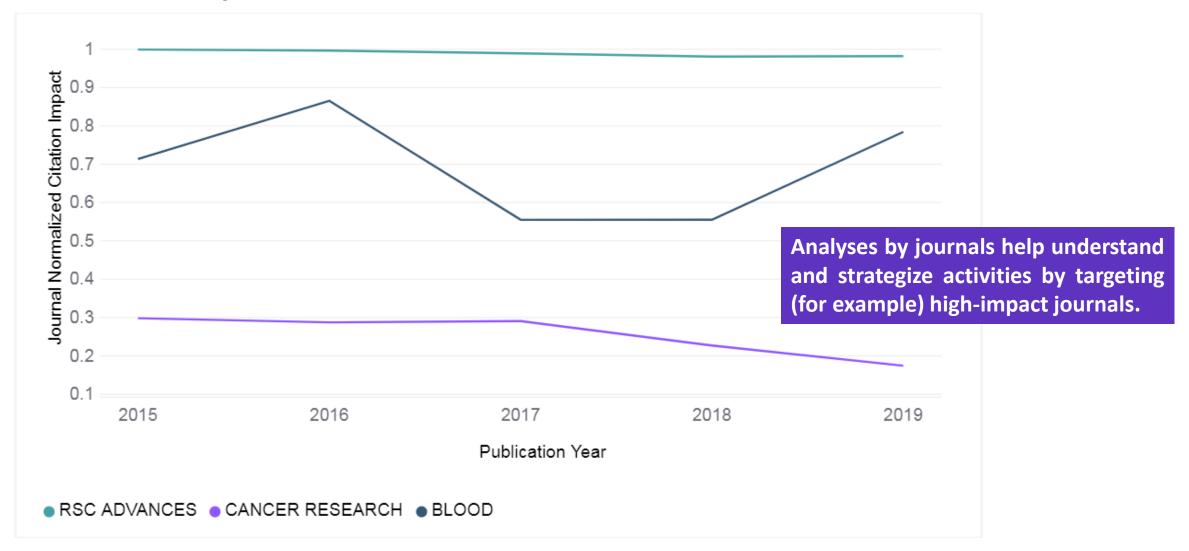


# Who is funding what?

■ Funding Agency	Rank	Web of Science ÷··· Documents	Times Cited ···	% Documents Cited	Category Normalize Citation Impact	
☐ European Union (EU)	1	14,595	257,420	88.76%	1.96	
☐ Ministry of Education, Universities and Research (MIUR)	2	14,438	197,968	91.07%	1.33	
Associazione Italiana per la Ricerca sul Cancro (AIRC)	3	8,180	161,496	93.7	IDING AI	
☐ National Institutes of Health (NIH) - USA	4	8,034	223,910	92.9	•	d rank authors, institutions or countries particular institution or rank journals and
☐ National Science Foundation (NSF)	5	7,979	197,525			as in which funded output was published.
☐ Ministry of Health, Italy	<del>▼ 0</del>	1,338	108,000	89.2 Filte	ers deriv	e from funders appearing in the funding
European Research Council (ERC)	7	7,109	179,886	93.0		ements section of Web of Science Currently there are more than 1,100
German Research Foundation (DFG)	8	6,282	145,540	02.5		ers in InCites.
National Natural Science Foundation of China (NSFC)	9	6,009	129,223	90.06%	2.52	
☐ United States Department of Energy (DOE)	10	3,902	120,406	92.62%	2.79	
Swiss National Science Foundation	11	3,682	104,543	93.05%	2.99	

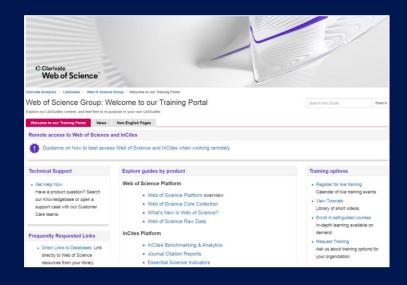


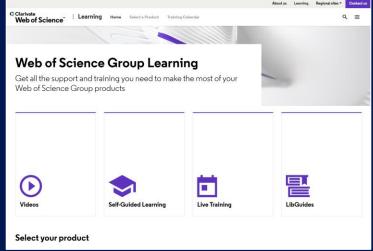
# **Journal analysis**

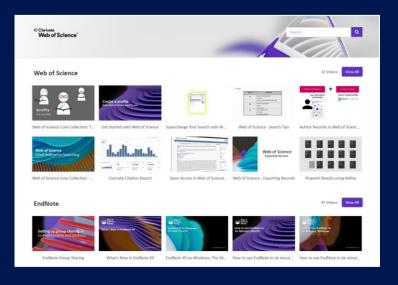




# **Training resources**







#### LibGuides

clarivate.libguides.com/home

# Web of Science Learning

https://clarivate.com/webofsciencegroup/support/

#### **Videos**

https://videos.webofsciencegroup.com/





# Vă mulțumesc!

Adriana FILIP
Solutions Consultant
<a href="mailto:adriana.filip@clarivate.com">adriana.filip@clarivate.com</a>
<a href="www.clarivate.com">www.clarivate.com</a>

© 2020 Clarivate. All rights reserved. Republication or redistribution of Clarivate content, including by framing or similar means, is prohibited without the prior written consent of Clarivate. Clarivate and its logo, as well as all other trademarks used herein are trademarks of their respective owners and used under license.